





Mass Dog Vaccination (MDV) in Bangladesh moving from control to progressive elimination

Professor Dr. Md. Nazmul Islam, Director, Disease Control & Line Director, Communicable Disease Control Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS)



Rabies Elimination Strategy in Bangladesh

Goal:

Elimination of dog mediated rabies in Bangladesh by 2030

Strategy:

- Advocacy, Communication and Social Mobilization (ACSM)
- Animal Bite Management (ABM)
- Mass Dog Vaccination (MDV)
- Dog Population Management (DPM)
- Surveillance and research

Mass Dog Vaccination 2011 -2023



> 1st Round Mass Dog Vaccination in 64 districts-13,79,465 dogs.

➤ 2nd Round Mass Dog Vaccination in 37 districts-9,31,679 dogs.

>3rd Round Mass Dog Vaccination in 8 districts-2,02,255 dogs.

Budgetary shifting from 2011 to 2023 Initial funding by Local Government (3.5 Core BDT) (3.5*100)

Program for Zoonotic Disease (354.60 Core BDT)





বাস্তবায়নে

মানুষের পাশাপাশি ব্যাপকহারে কুকুরের টিকাদানে জলাতঙ্ক রোগের প্রবণতা হ্রাসের চিত্র ২০১২-২০২৩



তথ্যসূত্র ঃ জুনোটিক ডিজিজ কন্ট্রোল প্রোগ্রাম, রোগ নিয়ন্ত্রণ শাখা (সিডিসি), স্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তর



Mass Dog Vaccination in field level







MDV in Rohingya Camp





Mass Dog Vaccination in Saint Martin

✓ 930 dogs vaccinated in January 2021.

√ 1917 dogs vaccinated in March 2023





Roaming dog vaccination in diplomate zone in Dhaka



DPM (dog population management) policy workshop in 2022



Published Rabies Article in International Journal



Neglected tropical diseases

The Rabies Elimination Program of Bangladesh

A model for transformation and accomplishment





Bangladesh tackles rabies through mass dog vaccination

September 2014

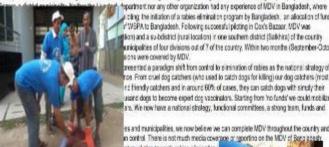
Bangladesh's canine vaccination programme aims to break the cycle of rabies transmission from dogs to humans.



Mass Dog Vaccination in Bangladesh: The silent Revolution towards rables

Community News: 30 Apr 2014

An unprecedented task, mass dog vaccination (MDV) found its footing in Bangladesh during November 2011 through a pilot project in Cox's



a cling the initiation of a rables elimination program by Bangladesh, an allocation of funds if WSPA to Bangladesh. Following suppressful piloting in Cox's Bazaer, MDV was glion) and a su-bdistrict (rural location) in one southern district (Satishira) of the country unicipalities of four divisions out of 7 of the country. Within two months (September-October, signs were govered by MDV. presented a paradigm shift from control to elimination of rables as the national strategy of

nce. From cruel dog catchers (who used to catch dogs for killing) our dog catchers (most of nd friendly catchers and in around 60% of cases, they can catch dogs with simply their usand dogs to become expert dog vaccinators. Starting from 'no funds' we could mobilize ars. We now have a national strategy, functional committees, a strong team, funds and

es and municipalities, we now believe we can complete MDV throughout the country and are in control. There is not much media coverage or reporting on the MDV of Bang adeaty.

ent revolution towards rables elimination The MDV campaign of Bangladesh bears some unique characteristics. It is done within a very days for the main campaign. Capacity building was done in each of the sites to facilitate the can General people like cleaners were trained and used successfully for catching dogs. Dog catche to train new catchers and thereby we have now more than a thousand expert dog catchers in the another unique feature with the average cost per dog around 1 USD. The cost could be reduce and appropriate technology. The leadership of the ministry of health in MDV is an unprecedent may be regarded as an example for other countries to follow. Too often, neither livestock nor his prime component for achieving rables elimination and thereby letting the rables transmission to There has been true one health approach involving multisectors in the MDV program of Bangle and education sectors, WHO, FAO, OIE, WSPA, HSI, RIAF, all contributed in different ways to other organizations like GARC in the effort of Bangladesh to achieve elimination of this thousan Bangladesh is now at a crucial stage of their rables elimination program. If has traversed quite ong distance yet to reach the goal. There is political commitment, allocation of funds within the



Global

Rabies

Control

Alliance



Contones has available at Science-Direct

Vaccine

Journal Romanage: www.afsevier.com/locals/vecting



Oral bait preferences and feasibility of oral rabies vaccination in Bangladeshi dogs

Jesse Bonwitt "do", Sarah Bonaparte ", Jesse Blanton ", Andrew D. Gibson ", Mahbub Hoque ",

Erin Kennedy¹, Kamrol Islam¹, Umme Ruman Siddigi¹, Ryan M. Wallace², Shakif Azam¹ *Province and Robert Princip, Change of High Econography Religions and Highwise, Control for Discount Control and Principles, Alle via DA 1996

*Internal and Letter Execut. Current of High Extensional Reliance and Highering. Control for Delaters Del Letters And Services, Adv. etc. 124, 1246.

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es measured by member of diago varietated per bose.

A total of VSR-basis solver offered in the country (right to other and perticulate distincts of Rangiades).

This balls were ignored by 666 (n = 122, 504-50, 75-515) of diago, whereas 691 (n = 45, 750, 62, 46-750). continued up takin and 600 (a = 120 000 C), 83 - 670 (continued annotate takin. Among the consisted balta, days fully consisted 500 (n = 30, 300 C), 34 - 720 (cf. 56 balta, 640 in = 30, 300 C), 71 - 220 (cf. cg. balta, and 50 (a = 122, 300 C), 58 - 1000 (p) of deliting balta. Among macromotic degli, an admictable balta, and 50 (a = 122, 300 C). were found between but uptake and dog characteristics in either bivariate or multivariate analysis reprices wroughd 2 degraper hour for list buts, 10 days per boar for egy bairs, and 16 days

The absence of accounting between but type authorizer and individual dog characteristics ungestion the process of channing attractions are not release voccious. While existing attractions adjacent highest update egg facili in pay prove a calculate comprisional when considering studgestal and operational discrepation. The efficiency of 2009 was demonstrated when compared to purposed to consider a first

Contents lists available at Science litrer

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Epidemiological study of human rabies cases in Bangladesh through verbal autopsy



Mil Sobel Rans ", Umme Ruman Siddiqi", Sumon Ghosh ", Afsana Akter Jahan", Mil Kamrul Islam", Md Rashed Ali Shah", Sayed Mohammed Illlah", S.M. Emran Ali", Be-Nazir Ahmed*, Abul Khair Mohammad Shamsuzzaman*

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Rabos to a viral disease of high public health importance and its presenzanna has epidemiologically exolved multile era mass worldwide Still, the problem is complex, causing around 60,000 annual deaths altibuty 11, 21. According to WHO, robus, related death names from the thousands in Asia and Africa to a few hundred in Latin America [3]. Baugladesh cooks there is prevalence other todas and China in South-East Asta, with estimated 2,100 deaths annually before 2010 f4l. A dense narrise population, many of whom are unscontrated and monely cored for and poor healthcare-seeking behaviours among animal bits victims seere

the main factors of causing burnon rabbes to Bangladesix 15, 6, 71; Burn ever, a national stranger plan for the elimination of cables in Baugladed has been in place since June 2010 F81. The strategies initiated by the advocaty, communication, and social mobilization (ACSM), (ii) modern remagnerers of arrival bors was usage exhans secretaring use on prophylaxis (PEP), (iii) mass dog vaccination (MDV), and (k) dog pop dation count. Store 2011, the organizations of four results thou decreasing trend in the number of human rabon-related deaths in the last from years, however, the monthers of ruses are still noticeable PR. II demands includive investigation on rabbs deceased to explice why the

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Reputated 2 July 2020; Revolved In revised from 26 Reputation 2000; Accepted 13 Managine 2020. 2405-6440/0 2020 The Authoritis. Published by Ebevier Ltd. This is an open secon article and other CC 89-NG-ND Record in



OPEN Trends and clinico-epidemiological features of human rabies cases in Bangladesh 2006-2018

Sumon Ghoship¹⁴, Md. Sohel Rana^{1,9}, Md. Kamrul Islam¹, Sukanta Chowdhury², Naimul Haiden 118, Mohammad Abdullah Heel Kati², Sayed Mohammed Ullah¹ Md. Rashed Ali Shah¹, Afsana Akter Jahan^{2,4}, Hasan Sayedul Mursalin¹, Aung Swi Prue Marma¹, S. M. Emran Ali², Shohrab Hossain², Rajub Bhowmik², Nitish C. Debnath⁶, Abul Khair Mohammad Shamsuzzaman⁴, Be-Nazir Ahmed⁴, Umme Ruman Siddigil & Sanya Tahmina Jhoral



Rabies Action Centre of Excellence (RACE)

A place we can go to work together, helping each other to learn how to best eliminate rabies as efficiently as possible.

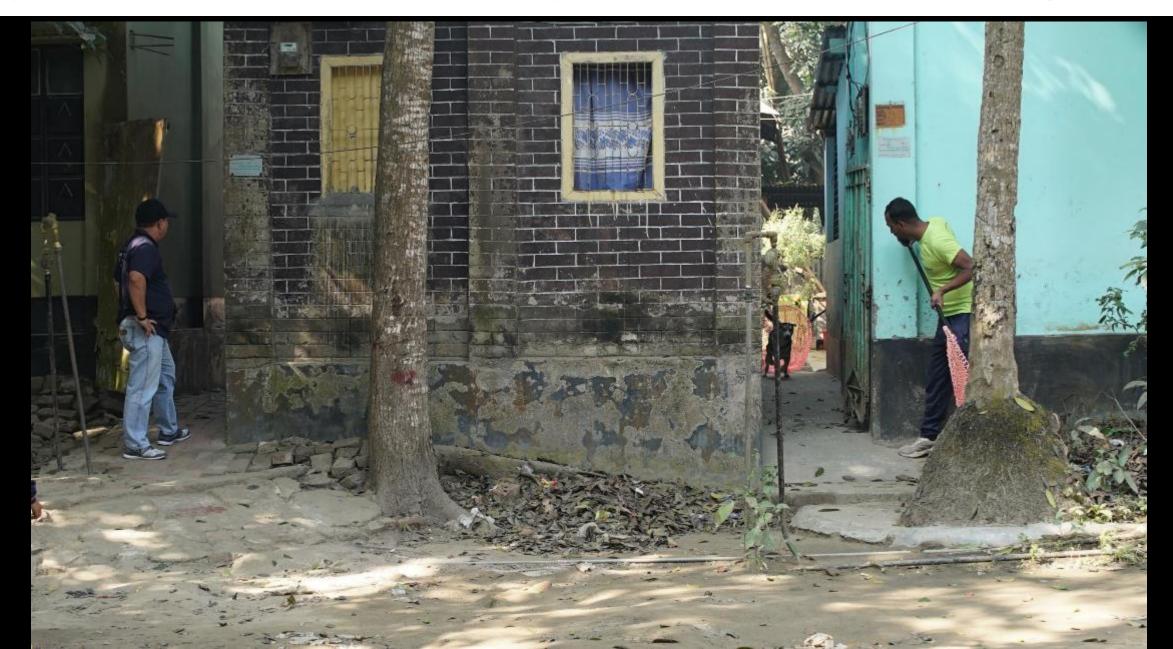
Dr. Shukes Chandra Badhy, (DVM, MS, PhD)
Central Disease Investigation Laboratory (CDIL) Department of Livestock Services,
Bangladesh

South-South cooperation for RACE capacity building





Special skills development by FAO Indonesia and Bangladesh









Dog collar pilot study

Objectives:

- 1. Evaluate whether deployment of long-lasting collars improves vaccination coverage
- 2. Collect pilot data about perceptions within communities to dogs wearing long-lasting collars
- 2,153 dogs vaccinated for rabies in 2 municipalities
 - 1,146 marked with collars
 - 1,007 marked with paint
- 77 household surveys conducted across the 2 districts
 - 38 households in collared areas
 - 39 households in paint areas



Preliminary survey data

- 83% respondents (64 of 77) understand what a collar on a dog signifies
- 90% of these respondents (58 of 64) feel more comfortable around a dog with a collar because:

"They are safer"

"They are protected"

"They are not risky"





DLS contribution under OH approach

- Animal and human rabies diagnosis was based on Clinical signs & symptoms but no lab confirmation for the decade
- Central Disease Investigation Laboratory (CDIL) is the state of the art for Rabies diagnosis in Bangladesh with support from FAO ECTAD Bangladesh
- CDIL confirmed 278 rabies case in animals in 2022 using DFAT test as well as Conventional PCR and Real time RT-PCR
- ➤ DLS is conducting Rabies surveillance for Livestock under a project "Strengthening Veterinary Public health"

CDIL is also supporting human rabies diagnosis

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার রোগ নিয়ন্ত্রণ শাখা স্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা-১২১২

শানক নং-ষাঃ অধিঃ/রোঃ নিঃ/জুনোটিক ডিজিজ/জলাতস্ক দিবস/২০২১/২০৭০

जिल्ला के १ / ०४ रिवर

বরাবর

মহা-পরিচালক

প্রাণিসম্পদ অধিদপ্তর খামারবাড়ী, ফার্মগেট, ঢাকা।

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দৃষ্টি আকর্ষণা প্রধান বৈজ্ঞানিক কর্মকর্তা, কেন্দ্রীয় রোগ অনুসন্ধান গবেষণাগার (সিভিআইএল)

বিষয়ঃ- প্রাণির কামতে আক্রাপ্ত রাক্তির নমুনা গ্রেখণাগারে সনাক্ত করণ প্রসংস্পে

উপর্যুক্ত বিষয়ের আলোকে জানানো যাচেছ যে, ২০২৩ সালের মধ্যে দেশকে জলাতক্ষ মুক্ত করবের লক্ষ্যে স্বায়্য মন্ত্রণালয়, প্রাণিসম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয় ও ছানীয় সরকার মন্ত্রণালয়ের সম্মিলিত উদ্যোগে গৃহীত "জাতীয় জলাতক্ষ নির্মূল কর্মসূচী" চলমান। এটি অতীব জনগুরুত্বপূর্ণ কর্মসূচী যার আওতায় সারাদেশে বর্তমানে ১ টি জাতীয় ও ৬৪ জেলায় ৬৭ টি জোলা জলাতক্ষ নির্মূল কেন্দ্রের মাধ্যমে সারাদেশে জলাতক্ষ প্রতিরোধে প্রাণি কামড়ের আধানিক চিকিৎসা ব্যবস্থাপনা প্রদান করা হচেছে। যুগের সাথে তাল মিলিয়ে আধানিক বিজ্ঞানসম্মত উপায়ে এ কার্যক্রম পরিচালনার লক্ষ্যে প্রাণির কামড়ে আক্রান্ত জনগোঙীর মাবে ভ্যাকসিনেশন কার্যক্রম চলমান। সংক্রামক ব্যাধি হাসপাতাল মহাধালী, ঢাকার ল্যাবরেটরিতে পৃথক আলাতক্ষ ব্যোগ সনাতক্রবাবে ব্যবস্থা না থাকায়, সিভিআইএল ল্যাবরেটরিতে পরীক্ষা করা জরুরী।

্রেমতাবস্থায় আপনার শ্যাবরেটরিতে নিশ্চিতকৃত জলাতত্ক আক্রান্ত ব্যক্তির নমুনা সনাক্ত করার প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহনের জন্য আপনাকে সনির্বন্ধ জনরোধ জানানো যাজে।

থনোজনে গোগাযোগঃ-৬৫ মো ফগুলে রাকী সার্তিলেক মেডিকেল অন্ধিসার মুনোটক ডিজিজ কর্ম্মেল প্রোগ্রাম মোগাইলঃ- ০১৬১১০০০৮৮০

অধ্যাপক ডাঃ মোঃ নাজমুশ ইসলাম পরিচালক, রোগ নিয়ন্ত্রণ ও লাইন ডাইরেক্টর, কমিউনিকেবল ডিজিজ কন্ট্রোল বাস্ত্র, অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা।

অনুগিপি সদয় অবৰ্ণতির জনা প্রেরণ করা হল ৪-

- 2। মহা-পরিচালক, স্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা (দৃষ্টি আকর্ষণ্ড সহকারী পরিচালক, সমন্বয়)
- ২। উপ-পরিচাপক, (সিডিসি) ও প্রোপাম ম্যানেজার জ্যোটিক ডিজিজ কন্ট্রোল প্রোয়াম, স্বাস্থ্য অধিদন্তর।
- ৩। সহকারী পরিচালক, এ্যাসেসমেন্ট-২ রোগ নিয়ন্ত্রণ, শাখা, স্বান্ত্র অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা।
- ৪। ততাবধায়ক, সংক্ৰামক ব্যাধি হাসপাতাল, মহাখালী, ঢাকা।
- ৫। তেপুটি প্রোগ্রাম ম্যানেজার, জুনোটিক ডিজিজ কন্ট্রেল প্রোগ্রাম, সিডিসি, স্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা।
- ৬। ইভ্যালুয়েটর সিডিসি/ডিসি, স্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা।
- দ। অফিস কপি।



গণরজাতপ্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার কেন্দ্রীয় রোগ অনুসন্ধান গরেহণাগার ৪৮, কাজী আলাউদ্দিন রোড, সাকা-১০০০



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স্থাবিদ: ২০/০৪/২০২০ ডি.

রোগ/জীবানু নির্ণয় প্রতিবেদন (Disease/Organism Determination Report)

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তথ্যকাৰক,

কথ্যকাৰত, সংক্ৰমক বাবি হাসপাকাশ মহাধানী, ঢাকা। लाव: व्य: 1 CDIL/\$25-2/2023

1810: 55 /o8/Ro25 fd.

ল্লেহকের নাম ও রিকালঃ সংক্রামক কামি হাসপাকাল, মহাপালী, মাকা

महमा विराहत है। प्रांतुरक्षा पूर्णय ज्ञाहान

নমুমার সংখ্যার ৩১টি

etrice effect a Rabies detection

সূত্র ১৫ মেডিকেল অভিনার, ওয়ার্ড নংগ্র ১/২। সংক্রমেক খামি বাসপানাল, মহাবালী, তাকা। মত্র ১৫ আই ডি.এইড,ভেশাসন্য মেডিস/২০২১/১৫৯২ অভিনয় ১৫/০৪/২০২১ স্থি

Rapid Test Kit Results । (তাংখনিক পটিকার ফলাফল) ।	Not done
Post Mortem Findings I (XSH NAME OF THE DESCRIPTION OF THE O	Not done
Direct Smear Examination Findings হ (সহার্যাহ জাতল পরীকার কলাকণ) ঃ	Not done
Microbial Culture Findings व (बीराम् जासर क्लाक्ल) व	Not done
Biochemical Test Results । (कर-दानार्थन नहीलाह क्ष्मांक्ष) ।	Not done
Serological Test Results । (বজ্ঞান পরিকার ফলফল) ।	Not done
Molecular Test Results । (আৰুতিৰ পৰীকার কল্যকা) ।	On qRT-PCR, the supplied human throat swab sample was positive for Rabies virus.
Other Tests Results হ (অন্যন্য পরীকার ফগায়ল) ঃ	Not done
Diagnosis/Remarks ‡ (সংস্কৃত বোশ/মন্তব্য) :	Rabies virus detected from the supplied human throat swab sample during the period of examination/test. Please match result with the clinical findings.

महिद्दात रुपंत्रदेश शका व नरनी

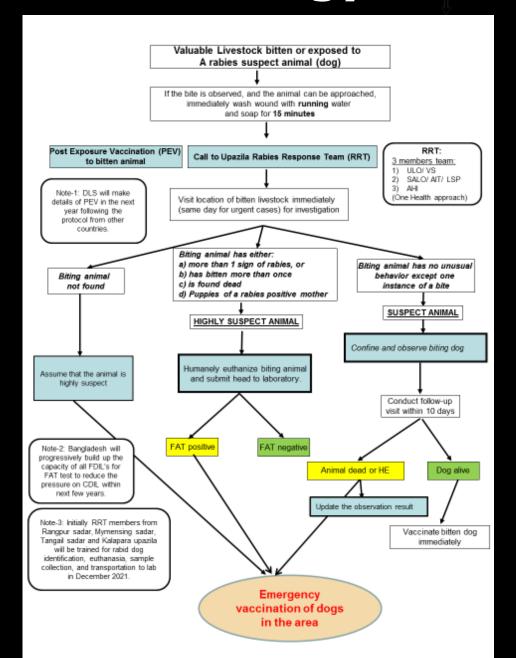
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ভাচ যুক্তেশ চন্দ্ৰ হৈবা উপজেলা প্ৰাণিকশন কৰ্মকৰ্মী তেন্দ্ৰীয় গোল অনুসভান প্ৰকেশনায় ৪৮, কালী আলাইদিন বোদ, সালা-১০০০ ত্রিটোলিক বিশ্ব বিশ্ব

অংশতির জনা অনুলিপি গ্রেরিক হল ঃ

- হতপরিচালক ও নিভিও, বাংলাদেশ, প্রাণিসম্পদ অধিনপ্তর, বাংলাদেশ, চাকা।
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Strategy and Guidelines





Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Surveillance guidelines, SOPs, Vaccination protocol and Communication Strategy for Animal Rabies



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